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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/523,069	01/27/2005	Atsushi Tanno	OGW-0353	8379
Patrick G. Burn	7590 03/20/200 IS	EXAMINER		
Greer, Burns &	Crain, Ltd.	BELLINGER, JASON R		
Suite 2500 300 South Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3617	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/20/2008	PAPER

## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/523,069	TANNO, ATSUSHI		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Jason R. Bellinger	3617		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be till apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed  the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03 Jac</u> This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under Expression in the practice of the practice	s action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pr			
Disposition of Claims				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1 and 3-13 is/are pending in the applied 4a) Of the above claim(s) 3-7 is/are withdrawn 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1, 8-13 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	from consideration.			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>				
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate		

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

**1.** The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Atwell, Jr. In Figures 4 and 4A, Atwell, Jr. shows a disk wheel 10 with a rim 16 located at the peripheral edge of the disk 14. The rim 16 includes inboard and outboard bead seats with a protruding hump and radially outwardly extending flanges. A ring-like element 18 circumferentially extends from the rim 16, and is located between the hump and inboard rim flange. The inboard annular rim flange includes an inboard facing surface that is generally co-planar with an inboard facing surface of the ring-like element 18. The ring-like element 18 is only provided on the inboard bead seat portion.

Atwell, Jr. does not specify that the cross-sectional area of the element 18 is 0.1-0.4 times larger than the cross-sectional area of the thickness of the rim flange plus the width-wise length of the bead seat multiplied by the thickness of the rim adjacent the hump. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to form the ring-like element of Atwell, Jr. with a thickness sufficient to prevent the weight 26 from being dislodged during operation, and to serve as a reinforcing rib to distribute forces imparted on the rim.

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3. Claims 1, 8-11, and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Atwell, Jr. as applied to claim 12 above, and further in view of Archibald. Atwell, Jr. discloses that the wheel is a lightweight wheel 10, formed from an aluminum or magnesium alloy. The ring-like element 18 protrudes inwardly from the radially inner surface of the rim 16. The co-planar surface of the ring-like element 18 and the inboard rim flange extend in a direction generally orthogonal to the central rotation axis of the wheel.

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Atwell, Jr. does not show only a single ring-like element located on the rim.

Archibald teaches the use of a wheel having a rim with a single ring-like element 64.

Therefore from this teaching, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to form the wheel of Atwell, Jr. with only ring-like element 18 thereon in order to reduce the weight of the wheel. Namely, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found the use of a known technique to improve similar devices in the same way would yield predictable results. In this case, Archibald teaches providing only a single ring-like element on a rim, which would reduce the overall weight of the wheel. Atwell, Jr. shows a rim having a pair of ring-like elements. One of ordinary skill in the art would find it obvious to remove the second ring-like element 18 of Atwell, Jr. in order to reduce the weight of the wheel. See KSR International Co. v. Teleflex Inc. 550 U.S. \_\_\_\_\_\_, 82 USPQ2d 1385 (April 30, 2007).

## Response to Arguments

**4.** Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 and 8-13 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

## Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Schmidt et al shows a wheel rim having ring-like elements thereon.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jason R. Bellinger whose telephone number is 571-272-6680. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon - Thurs (9:00-4:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph Morano can be reached on 571-272-6684. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Jason R Bellinger/ Primary Examiner Art Unit 3617